

## WILSON INDICATES HE WILL NOT SIGN CRISP BILL

### WILSON URGED TO REPEAL CARABAO WHO LED TRAVESTY

Garrison and Daniels Submit  
Reports on Investigation of  
After-Dinner "Stunts" At  
Recent Banquet.

Army and Navy Officers Who  
Prepared Program Are Said  
to Have Written Explanation  
and Apology.

President Wilson today received a full report from Secretary of War Garrison and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, on the incidents of the recent Carabao dinner. The report is made as a result of the President's demand for a complete investigation of the burlesques on the Administration's Philippine and peace policies, which characterized the after-dinner performance.

Although both Secretary Garrison and Secretary Daniels refused to disclose the nature of their communication, it is known to contain certain recommendations regarding the officers responsible for the performance. Reprimands are probable.

That these recommendations include the suggestion of reprimands for certain members of the entertainment committee, is understood to be a fact. Those officers most prominently mentioned thus far as having part in the preparation of the program are Rear Admiral Howard, Major General Alekhine, and Brigadier General McIntyre. The letter is said to call the President's attention to the fact that Dr. Joseph M. Heller, a member of the inactive list of the medical reserve corps and a former volunteer surgeon in the Philippine service, has assumed full responsibility for the advance press notices, containing the statement that the performance at the dinner was intended to show the lack of sympathy on the part of the officers of the army and navy for the Philippine policy of the Administration. As Dr. Heller is not on the active list of the army, no reprimand can be administered to him.

**Apology by Leaders.**  
The communication incloses, it is said, the letter of explanation and partial apology, addressed by Rear Admiral Howard, General Alekhine and Brigadier General McIntyre, constituting a committee of the society, regarding the objectionable features of the banquet. The letter sought to place on the shoulders of the "stunts" at the dinner, which were objected to by President Wilson as the song "Dam, Dam, Dam the Insects," which was sung as a salute to the President, the blame for the complete independence. Other features included a parade of models representing Secretary Bryan's "peace" policy, and a travesty on the Mexican policy.

### May Bar Common Cups And Towels in District

The adoption of a health regulation prohibiting the use of the common towel and drinking cup is under consideration by the District Commissioners. Health Officer W. C. Woodward said today he believed both dangerous to the health of the community. It is the belief of many physicians that the use of the common towel is attended with as much if not more danger than that of the drinking cup. There is very little likelihood, according to Dr. Woodward, that a towel that is used by a succession of persons will contain disease germs. Dr. Woodward is preparing a draft of a regulation governing the subject which will be submitted to the commissioners within the next week or ten days.

### IN CONGRESS TODAY.

**SENATE.**  
Let at 10.  
Currency bill taken up, and will be rushed to early vote Friday night or Saturday.  
Senator Lane introduced bill to divide the \$1,200,000 appropriation for a great central high school and build two high schools instead.  
Democratic caucus to meet tonight.  
**HOUSE.**  
Let at noon.  
Senate on District bill resumed.  
District Committee began consideration of George bill to assess District real estate at par value.  
Various committees considered appropriation bills.

### Social War Stirs Women More Than Officials It Effects



MRS. CLAUDE SWANSON.  
WEDS HOUR AFTER  
GETTING DIVORCE

John B. Keleher Marries Gertrude Dakin, Convent Student, At Rockville.

Friends learned today that John B. Keleher and eighteen-year-old Gertrude Dakin, Georgetown convent pupil, slipped away from their parents' home in a taxicab to New York City, where they were married last night. The wedding was held at the home of the bride's father, Mr. J. B. Keleher, at 1800 Rockville road, and was attended by a few friends. The couple were married at 10 o'clock, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. B. Keleher. The bride wore a white gown and veil, and the groom wore a tuxedo. The ceremony was simple and private.

The couple received notice that the divorce was granted at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. They were married just one hour and twenty minutes later. In another hour they had telegraphed the bride's parents "We are married. Jack and Gertrude," and were on their way to New York. Friends of the couple received word today that they would remain in New York for several weeks, and return to make their home at 1800 Rockville road north-west. Not until they received notice of the marriage did the couple's friends know why Keleher several weeks ago purchased the house in Rockville.

Keleher, who is a pretty brunette, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Dakin, of the Garfield apartment. Keleher is an automobile salesman. He was granted an absolute divorce from his first wife, Mrs. Nellie Baker Keleher, by Justice Gould in Equity Court No. 1, on the testimony that the defendant had accompanied a wealthy foreigner to Europe. Miss Catherine Gardella, Clarence Herman, and Stokely Sammons, friends of Mr. and Mrs. Keleher, accompanied them to Rockville and were witnesses at the marriage ceremony. Benjamin Dakin, father of the bride, declared today that the young folks "were forgiven." Mr. Dakin said that he was glad his daughter had married Keleher, and that he would make her a good husband, he said.

### Burke Denies Making Profit "On the Side"

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 18.—"There is not a word of truth in any charge that I have profited 'on the side' from the purchase of supplies," said John Burke, manager of the Panama Canal zone, today. Burke is spending his annual vacation with his family here. "I intend to return to Panama Jan. 1," he said.

A disgruntled employee made complaint against him, Burke stated. The Canal Commission investigated the complaint against me on September 8, and exonerated me from any wrongdoing or mismanagement.

### President's Ruling on Precedence Is Anxiously Awaited By Cabinet and Senate Sets.

Women of official life in Washington are just a little more anxious than their husbands to have the matter of social precedence finally adjudicated by President Wilson, and some of them say that it doesn't make much difference whether the Cabinet member's wife goes first or that of the Senator, so long as President Wilson finally settles the matter so it never bobs up any more. So far, it has been pointed out, no serious breach has arisen over this delicate point, but President Wilson's position will clarify the atmosphere and both sides seem willing to leave the matter in his hands.

**Mrs. Swanson's Views.**  
Most of the women of the Cabinet and Congress are anxious to have the matter settled, but Mrs. Swanson, wife of the Senator from Virginia, said:

"As there has always been an order of social precedence in the making of first calls in Washington, I am most careful to observe it, as should I make a first call upon one whom precedence requires me to make the first call upon me I should be invading her prerogative, and thus forcing myself upon her, and would feel somewhat in the light of an intruder. When I attend a function, I am most careful to observe the order of social precedence, and find that official precedence is being observed, then I expect to be invited to a function, which my official position as the wife of a United States Senator demands."

**What Mrs. Fletcher Says.**  
Mrs. Fletcher, wife of Senator D. U. Fletcher of Florida and president of the Congressional Club, said that she would be glad if the matter of precedence was taken to the President and she was sure he would use his usual diplomatic tact. She also said that she thought that the influence of the Congressional Club had done much toward doing away with any feeling that there was any precedence in the club. In the club the subject has never come up between the members.

(Continued on Second Page.)

### STRIKERS MARCH ON STATE HOUSE

Colorado Union Leaders Demand Recall of Militia From Mine Strike Zone.

DENVER, Colo., Dec. 18.—Five hundred union leaders today marched in a body to the State house to demand that Governor Ammons recall the State militia from the southern Colorado coal strike fields and remove from office Brigadier General Chase, Judge Advocate Boughton, and Major Townsend. It was announced that should he refuse, recall petitions would be circulated against him at once. The movement started as the result of a night session of the special convention of the Colorado Federation of Labor, called to discuss a state-wide strike in sympathy with the striking miners. The fiery oratory of "Mother" Jones roused the delegates to a high pitch and they voted to march in a body on the State house. Resolutions setting forth the demands regarding the militia and empowering the executive committee of the federation to call a state-wide strike without notice were unanimously adopted. The governor indicated today that he had no intention of acceding to the demands.

### Quarter-Million Cases Of Railroad Violations

More than a quarter of a million violations of the law limiting the trainman's continuous service to sixteen hours occurred during the year, according to a report of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Up to Nov. 1 of this year, the commission collected 245,000 violations of the law. Of this sum \$14,500 was made up of \$500 penalties for failure by the railroad to report to the commission cases where trainmen were so employed beyond the legal limit. It is declared by the roads that in many of these instances unforeseen delays occurred, which made it impossible to avoid violation of the law. Convention Hall, Tonight, Exhibition By A. P. Gibbs and Margaret Rafferty. Admission Free.—Adv.

### SENATE DOES NOT FAVOR THE CRISP MEASURE

Senator Gallinger Declares He Will Try to Prevent Contemplated "Raid" on the District of Columbia.

Half-and-Half Principle Will Be Upheld in Senate, Even If Abrogated By the House of Representatives.

Sentiment in the Senate Appropriations Committee is decidedly against the plan of abolishing the half-and-half principle as applied to the District of Columbia.

If the House does decide to abolish it and thus strike a blow at the District, the Senate Appropriations Committee will insist that it be retained. Indications are that the Senate likewise will stand strongly against repudiation of the understanding between the Government and the District.

**Half-and-Half Champions.**  
Senators on the Appropriations Committee, talked over the situation today. Not all were willing to take a stand, but enough to make it clear that the majority of the committee will insist on observance of the half-and-half principle.

Chairman Martin, the head of the committee, Senator Overman, Senator Chandler, Senator Warren, Senator Gallinger, Senator Smoot, Senator Culbertson, Senator Perkins, Senator Oliver, Senator Dill, and Senator Jones, are among the members of the committee who are opposed to abolition of the half-and-half principle. It is expected that they will have the support of several others on the committee. It will be beaten in the committee without question.

**Gallinger Opposes Raid.**  
"I have not changed my mind. I am as strongly in favor of the half-and-half principle as ever. I shall do what I can to prevent the raid which some people seem to want to make," said Senator Gallinger, an influential member of the Appropriations Committee, who is in charge of the bill. The District appropriation bill is referred to the committee.

**Square Deal Demanded.**  
Senator Overman declared today that he favored "a square deal" for the District. "The Government ought to pay its share," said Senator Overman.

Strong language was used by Senator Chandler in condemning the abolition of the half-and-half principle. "It is a breach of good faith," he declared. "I regard it as a violation of the original act."

Senator Warren said: "I am strongly opposed to any violation of the half-and-half principle." Senator Swann, chairman of the committee, declared himself utterly opposed to abolition of the half-and-half principle.

Senator Smith, chairman of the District Committee, is against abolition of the half-and-half principle, but said he could not take time in the midst of the currency debate to go into it. The question has been raised many times before the Senate Appropriations Committee, and it has always stood out against violation of the half-and-half principle.

**Tax Minus Representation.**  
The fact that without self-government it would be a case of "taxation without representation" to saddle the District with the whole cost of the government here is the thing that strikes many Senators as so utterly unjust that they privately condemn the efforts of certain House members in unparliamentary terms. Senator Kern said: "I have not had time to give this subject the attention which I intend to give to it. In a general way, however, I am in favor of the half-and-half principle. I do not share the prejudice against the District which seems to be displayed in many of the things that are being said here. I recognize the fact that whatever is reasonable should be done for the District. I am in favor of a square deal for the District. I have not gone into the matter minutely enough to say exactly what proportion of the expense should be borne by the people here and what proportion by the Government at large. So far as I am concerned, there will be no hasty action."

### DISTRICT FOES HOLD PARLEY OVER CRISP MEASURE OF REPEAL

House Preparing to Slaughter Half-and-Half Plan, According to Views of Members Today—Critics Give No Consideration to Fact That Pending Bill Would Wipe Out Time-Honored Law.

The question whether the undoing of the District shall be attempted today or whether Monday will record the effort to abolish the half-and-half principle is the subject of a conference now being held between Congressman Crisp, author of the repeal bill, and members of the House both for and against his legislation.

At the hour when The Times went to press this afternoon Congressman Crisp was not decided whether he would offer his amendment to repeal the half-and-half law as a part of the District appropriation bill, now pending, or wait until Monday, when the bill may be called on its own merits.

That the House is preparing to slaughter the half-and-half principle was the outlook today as members discussed the precipitant action of the House District Committee in reporting the Crisp bill.

No serious consideration seems to be given to the fact that the Crisp bill would wipe out a law that has stood for thirty-five years and would impose upon District property the burden it now bears.

Congressman Crisp sought advice from a dozen members of the House this afternoon on his proposal to force the half-and-half issue immediately by offering the substance of his bill as a rider upon the appropriation bill.

He finally said: "I have not yet determined whether to attempt to repeal the half-and-half law by offering an amendment to the appropriation bill or whether I ought to wait until Monday, when my bill as reported by the District Committee is in order upon the calendar. If I decide to present the proposition now it will come late this afternoon, when the reading of the District appropriation bill is begun for amendment."

**UNABLE TO ASSUME BURDEN.**

Chairman Page, of the subcommittee of the Appropriations Committee in charge of the District budget, said: "Certain members of the Appropriations committee are seeking to dissuade Mr. Crisp from offering his repeal plan. A part of the appropriation bill, if the Crisp amendment should be inserted into the appropriation bill it would simply send that measure back to my committee, for the amendment would impose upon the District of Columbia the burden of raising the entire \$11,500,000 in our statement this afternoon. The District has not renewed of its own to assume this burden at this moment."

It is understood that several members of the House have informed Congressman Crisp that he had best let the District appropriation bill continue on its way, and then endeavor on Monday to bring about the passage of a separate bill his repeal measure. The Georgia member eventually may follow this course.

Congressman Mendell, a Republican

member of the Appropriations Committee, opened the attack in the House today upon the scheme of the District Committee to change the basis of the fiscal relations between the District and Federal Governments. He asserted that a question of this grave import should be given careful consideration, and deserved more attention than had been accorded it.

If the Crisp bill, or any similar substitute, becomes a law, the rate of taxation in the District must be doubled, and fair-minded members of Congress say that this is unthinkable and contrary to the spirit evidenced by the framers of the organic act, which contemplated that the Federal Government should aid in the upkeep of its Capital City.

**Refers To Refund Clause.**  
Congressman Mendell, in his defense of the people of the District of Columbia, first referred to the provision in the District bill providing for a refund of any revenues the District may have remaining after paying its expenses. (Continued on Second Page.)

### Senator Jones Says Decision Is Agreeable

Senator Jones of Washington, who is one of the progressive Republicans desiring a special national convention, gave out a statement this afternoon giving reference to the action of the national committee. Senator Jones said he preferred a convention, but that the changes made by the committee probably would insure a fair expression of the sentiments of Republican voters in 1916. Senator Jones described the changes made by the committee as fair and likely to prove successful. He then appealed for the support of Republican voters for the program mapped out by the committee. He recalled the fact that Pondergast of New York recently stated that he was opposed to a convention, but that he was in favor of the changes made by the committee. He held that industrial conditions under the Democratic party have changed or the worse, he appealed to both Republican and Progressive party men to unite.

**Alleged Embezzler Held.**  
Waiving his preliminary hearing in the Police Court today, Carl Mogwitz was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$10,000 on the charge of embezzlement. Mogwitz was accused of embezzling \$500 from the Dime Messenger Service in February, 1913, the accusation being made that he was sent to deposit it in a bank and failed. Detective O'Brien brought Mogwitz to Washington from Baltimore Wednesday night.

### PRESIDENT NOT CONSULTED ON NEW TAX PLAN BY PROMOTERS



CONGRESSMAN CRISP,  
Author of the District of Columbia  
Half and Half Measure.

### GEORGE W. INGHAM SUED FOR DIVORCE

**Superintendent of Insurance  
Accused of Misconduct By  
His Wife.**  
George W. Ingham, superintendent of insurance of the District, was sued for an absolute divorce by his wife, Mrs. Lina M. Ingham, in the District Supreme Court today. Alleged misconduct of Mr. Ingham at the Windsor Hotel, in Philadelphia, on October 25, is made the basis of the suit. The name of the co-respondent is given in the petition, it being alleged Mr. Ingham first met her early this year. Mrs. Ingham charges that since her husband met the co-respondent "his morals, conduct, and demeanor have grown steadily worse," although previously to that time his conduct was "proper."

It is set forth in the petition by Mrs. Ingham that she is wholly dependent upon her husband for support, as she has no means of her own. She says his salary is \$3,500 a year. She asks the court to award her alimony and compel her husband to contribute to her maintenance during the pendency of the suit. The couple were married March 26, 1886, and have one child, a boy, six years old. Mrs. Ingham asks the custody of her son.

### Say New Haven Men Let Legislators Win

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The charge that employees of the New Haven railroad conducted poker games in a Boston hotel at which legislators were allowed to win heavily, during the last session of the Massachusetts legislature, was brought into the "other expense" hearing of the public service commission today.

Attorney Arthur D. Hill stated that the story was passed around at the time the legislature was in session, and that he had been asked to answer Hill's questions. On the ground that a witness is not required to answer questions which may be incriminating to himself, Bowder refused to answer Hill's questions.

### Red Cross Stamp Sale Continues to Grow

Red Cross seal stations are sending to headquarters for duplicate orders, so great has been the demand for the stickers the last few days. An order for 5,000 was filled today at the rate of \$1.00 per hundred. Orders are to be provided this afternoon.

**Midnight Reporter  
Way says the Sayres**

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Ambassador Page today denounced scoundrels, a London newspaper reporter, who at midnight waylaid his daughter and the Francis H. Sayres and demanded an interview from the President's daughter on the threadbare pretext that he would lose his job if he did not get it.

**Dance Tonight, Arcade Auditorium.**  
Tonight — Society Night. Dancing. Phone, Col. 3793. Not public.—Adv.

Statement Made Today Believed  
Certain Sign of His Hostility  
to Measure Removing Support  
From District.

Executive Always Impressed  
With Idea That Government  
Is Great Beneficiary From  
Capital's Utilities.

That President Wilson will never sign the Crisp bill is indicated strongly by what he told callers at the White House today. He said he had not been consulted regarding the revolutionary proposal to force upon the District of Columbia the full burden of the municipal expenses. This statement removes any impression that may have existed that the proposition of these Democrats who would abolish the half-and-half policy has the Administration's backing and support.

**President's Interest Keen.**  
It is believed that the President has gone further than this and has confidentially informed his friends that he is distinctly opposed to the proposition. President Wilson, from the time he took office last March, has taken the keenest interest in District affairs. In naming the two civilian members of the Board of District Commissioners, he selected men whom he believed to be expert on municipal matters. That he appreciates fully the unusual character of this city, and the fact that the people of the country are generally willing to help to support the National Capital as the common property of the nation is shown by his repeated statements since he took office that the government of this city to be a model, which other municipalities of the country may adopt.

### President Wilson Goes For Ride in Suburbs

For the first time in more than a week, the President went for a ride today, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Margaret Wilson, and his physician, Dr. Grayson. He rode in his closed limousine car through Rock Creek Park, being absent from the White House about an hour.

As soon as possible after he has signed the currency bill, next week, President Wilson will leave Washington for a three weeks' vacation. He expects to sign the bill Monday.

It is understood he will spend the time at Guilford, Miss. It is believed that the warm climate of the far South will do much to bring him back to complete health, and, while there, he will have opportunity to enjoy daily games of golf. Mrs. Wilson and Miss Eleanor will probably accompany him.

Christmas Day will be spent away from the city, unless by some unforeseen obstacle the currency bill is held up. Should he definitely decide to go to Guilford, he will probably be the guest of Col. Robert Ewing, who has a large plantation there.

### Public Hearings on Bill to Bar Asiatics

Pacific Coast citizens and organizations, the House Immigration Committee decided today, will be given an opportunity to completely air their grievances against the Japanese and other Asiatics before Congress. The committee today arranged for hearings, beginning January 22, in advocacy of a bill to absolutely exclude all Japanese, Hindu, and Chinese laborers from this country.